

Outgrowths of the DLMF Project: **Part 2:** NIST Digital Repository of Mathematical Formulae

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**Challenges in 21st Century:
Experimental Mathematical Computation**
**Institute for Computational and Experimental
Research in Mathematics, Providence, Rhode Island**

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- Online compendium of mathematical formulae
 - orthogonal polynomial and special function formulae
- DRMF attempts to use Web 2.0 technologies to move beyond the static presentation of reference data to a platform that encourages community interaction and collaboration.
- DRMF utilizes of DLMF \LaTeX macros
 - tie specific character sequences to well-defined mathematical objects.
 - Provides an internet link to standard, precise orthogonal polynomial and special function definitions through the DLMF and DRMF
- Uses MediaWiki wiki software
 - MathML support
 - \LaTeX ML
 - MathJax

The **DRMF** will be designed for a **mathematically literate audience** and should:

- 1 facilitate interaction** among a **community of mathematicians and scientists** interested in **formulae data** related to **orthogonal polynomials and special functions (OPSF)**;
- 2 be expandable**, allowing the input of new formulae;
- 3 be accessible as a standalone resource**;
- 4 have a user friendly, consistent, and hyperlinkable viewpoint and authoring perspective**; and
- 5 contain easily searchable mathematics** and take advantage of modern **MathML tools** for **easy to read, scalably rendered mathematics**.

DRMF Seeding Projects

Math OCR, Macro replacement, and Wikitext generation, to implement pre-existing book compendia

- **Mathematical Optical Character Recognition** project
 - **Bateman manuscript project**: Higher Transcendental Functions, Tables of Integral Transforms
 - **Byrd & Friedman's Handbook of Elliptic Integrals for Engineers and Scientists**
- **DLMF \LaTeX macro replacement** project
 - Hypergeometric Orthogonal Polynomials and Their q -Analogues – **KLS**
 - **KLS addendum** by Tom Koornwinder
 - future?: **Andrews, Askey & Roy** : Special Functions
 - future?: **Ismail** : Classical and Quantum Orthogonal Polynomials in One Variable
 - future?: etc.
- **Wikitext generation** project
 - NIST Digital Library of Mathematical Functions (ch. 25) : 170 formulas

DRMF Zeta and Related Functions Page ... DLMF Wikitext

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the DLMF Wikitext page for "Zeta and Related Functions". The browser's address bar shows the URL `gnd22a.oxfordjournals.org/lookup.php?Zeta_and_Related_Functions`. The page title is "Zeta and Related Functions".

On the left side, there is a navigation menu with links for "Main page", "Recent changes", "Random page", "Tools", "What links here", "Related changes", "Special pages", "Printable version", "Permanent link", and "Page information".

The main content area features a "Contents" table of contents:

- 1 Riemann Zeta Function
 - 1.1 Definition and Expansions
 - 1.1.1 Definition
 - 1.1.2 Other Infinite Series
 - 1.1.3 Representations by the Euler-Maclaurin Formula
 - 1.1.4 Infinite Products
 - 1.2 Reflection Formulas
 - 1.3 Integral Representations
 - 1.3.1 in Terms of Elementary Functions
 - 1.3.2 in Terms of Other Functions
 - 1.3.3 Contour Integrals
 - 1.4 Integral Arguments
 - 1.4.1 Function Values
 - 1.4.2 Derivative Values
 - 1.4.3 Recursion Formulas
 - 1.5 Sums
 - 1.6 Asymptotic Approximations
 - 1.7 Zeros
 - 1.7.1 Distribution
 - 1.7.2 Riemann-Siegel Formulas
- 2 Related Functions

Below the table of contents, there is a mathematical formula for the Riemann zeta function:

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{(2\pi)^s e^{-\pi s/2} \Gamma(1-s)}{2\pi(1-2^s) \Gamma(s+1)} \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{1}{p^s}\right)^{-1}$$

Constant(s): product over zeros of ζ with $\Re p > 0$

Below this, there is a section titled "Reflection Formulas":

$\zeta(1-s) = 2(2\pi)^{-s} \cos\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \Gamma(s) \zeta(s)$
 Constant(s): $s \neq 0, 1$

$\zeta(s) = 2(2\pi)^{s-1} \sin\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s)$

$\zeta'(s) = \zeta'(1-s)$

$\zeta'(s) = \frac{1}{2} \pi (s-1) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \pi^{-s/2} \zeta(s)$

$(-1)^n \zeta^{(n)}(1-s) = \frac{2}{(2\pi)^n} \sum_{m=0}^n \sum_{r=0}^m \binom{n}{m} \binom{m}{r} \Re(e^{-i\pi r}) \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{2}\right) + 2 \zeta^{(n-m)}(s) \Gamma(s) \zeta^{(m)}(s)$

Substitution(s): $s = -\ln(2\pi) - \frac{1}{2} \pi i$

Constant(s): $s \neq 0, 1$ & $R = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

DLMF macros provide semantic content in formulas

- **DLMF OPSF Macros via \LaTeX ML-server**
 - 546 semantic DLMF \LaTeX OPSF macros
 - additional 38 semantic \LaTeX macros
- **Objects:** `\sum, \int, \deriv{f}{x}, \qderiv[n]{q}@{z}`
- **Constants:** `\expe, \iunit, \cpi, \EulerConstant`
- **Special Functions and Orthogonal Polynomials**

$\Gamma(z)$	<code>\EulerGamma@{z}</code>	http://dlmf.nist.gov/5.30#E1
$J_\nu(z)$	<code>\BesselJ{\nu}@{z}</code>	http://dlmf.nist.gov/10.2#E2
$Q_\nu^\mu(z)$	<code>\LegendreQ[\mu]{\nu}@{z}</code> :	http://dlmf.nist.gov/14.3#E7
$P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x)$	<code>\JacobiP{\alpha}{\beta}{n}@{x}</code>	http://dlmf.nist.gov/18.3#T1.t1.r3

- Whereas **Wikipedia** and other web authoring tools **manifest notions or descriptions as first class objects**, the DRMF does that with **mathematical formulae**.
- DRMF provides for each formula, a **formula home page**:
 - 1 **Rendered description of the formula** (required);
 - 2 **Constraints** the formula must obey
 - 3 **Substitutions** required to understand formula;
 - 4 **Bibliographic citation** (required);
 - 5 Open section for **proofs** (required) – *DLMF*;
 - 6 **List of symbols** and **links** to definitions (required) – *DLMF macros*;
 - 7 Open section for **notes** – *connections between formulas*; and
 - 8 Open section for **external links** – *computer generated proofs*;

Sample formula home page

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Formula:DLMF:25.4:E5

<< Formula.DLMF:25.4:E4 formula in Zeta and Related Functions Formula.DLMF:25.5:E1 >>

$$(-1)^k \zeta^k(1-x) = \frac{2}{(2x)^2} \sum_{n=0}^k \sum_{m=0}^n \binom{k}{m} \binom{m}{n-m} \Re(e^{i-m}) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi x\right) + \Im(e^{i-m}) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi x\right) \Gamma^{(k)}(x) \zeta^{k-m}(x)$$

Contents [hide]

- 1 Substitution(s)
- 2 Constraint(s)
- 3 Proof
- 4 Symbols List
- 5 Bibliography
- 6 URL links

Substitution(s) [edit]

$x = -\ln(2x) - \frac{1}{2} \pi i$

Constraint(s) [edit]

$x \neq 0, 1$ & $k = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

Proof [edit]

We ask users to provide proof(s), reference(s) to proof(s), or further clarification on the proof(s) in this space.

Symbols List [edit]

(-1) : (-1) = [logminus](#) : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/5.7.E7>
 ζ : Riemann zeta function : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/25.2#E1>
 π : the ratio of a circle's circumference to its diameter : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/5.19.E4>
 $\binom{a}{b}$: binomial coefficient : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/1.2#E1> <http://dlmf.nist.gov/26.3#551.p1>
 $\Re a$: real part : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/1.9#E2>
 \cos : cosine function : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/4.14#E2>
 $\Im a$: imaginary part : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/1.9#E2>
 \sin : sine function : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/4.14#E1>
 Γ : Euler's gamma function : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/5.2#E1>
 \ln : principal branch of logarithm function : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/4.2#E2>
 i : imaginary unit : <http://dlmf.nist.gov/1.9.i>

Bibliography [edit]

Equation (5), Section 25.4 of **DLMF**

URL links [edit]

We ask users to provide relevant URL links in this space.

<< Formula.DLMF:25.4:E4 formula in Zeta and Related Functions Formula.DLMF:25.5:E1 >>

Further questions

- How does one **facilitate** effective **community interaction & contribution** with such a **resource**?
 - implement a high degree of **computer verification** of community input
 - ensure a degree of **moderation** in the wiki
- Can one build a piece of **intelligent software** which is able to
 - scan in **books**;
 - produces **L^AT_EX source**;
 - replaces commands for functions in the source with **semantic macros**;
 - **extracts data** from the **text** (such as constraints)
 - **associates data** with relevant formulae and **removes** text;
 - **produces Wikitext**;
 - and **uploads** Wikitext to a publicly accessible website?
- How does one **search** the resulting mathematical database?

Ongoing projects to investigate the above questions

- **Macro replacements** from well-constructed \LaTeX source
- **Extraction of mathematical data** from text (keywords)
- **Wikitext generation**
- Porting the **DLMF search engine** in **MediaWiki** (DRMF)
- **Output of formula data** from **right-clickable menus** in a variety of **formats** so that formulas can be **used** and also **verified**
 - \LaTeX expanded
 - \LaTeX semantic
 - presentation MathML
 - content MathML
 - Mathematica
 - Maple
 - Sage

Virtual Machine Instances:

- **XSEDE** project
 - 2 **XSEDE** CentOS: **demo and deployment**
 - 2 **XSEDE** Ubuntu **server**: **L^AT_EX_ML**, **Mathoid**
- **Wikimedia Foundation – Wikitech**
 - 4 **WMF Vagrant** instances

Acknowledgements

- **Moritz Schubotz** (TU-Berlin): **MediaWiki Math**
- **Bruce Miller** (NIST) : **DLMF Macros**
- **Janelle Williams** (VSU) : **2013 SURF student**
- **High School Students:**
 - **Jake Migdall** – MathJax menu customization
 - **Cherry Zou** – seeding/macro replacement
 - **Alex Danoff** – seeding/macro replacement
 - **Amber Liu** – MathJax menu customization
 - **Jimmy Li** – mathematical search

Poster session with website demos : Wed. evening

NIST Digital Repository of Mathematical Formulae (DRMF)

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- A digital compendium of math formulae for orthogonal polynomials and special functions and associated math data. Uses Web 2.0 technologies to move beyond the static presentation of reference data to a platform that encourages community interaction and collaboration.
- Offshoot project of NIST Digital Library of Math Functions (DLMF) using MediaWiki and MediaWiki Math extension. Math rendering in MediaWiki using MathJax. MediaWiki extension development using PHP, JavaScript & Java.
- Use of DLMF semantic D $\mathbb{T}\mathbb{E}\mathbb{X}$ macro set for special functions and orthogonal polynomials e.g.,
$$\Gamma(z) \backslash \text{EulerGamma}\{z\}$$
$$P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) \backslash \text{JacobiP}\{\alpha\}\{\beta\}\{n\}\{x\}$$

<http://dlmf.nist.gov/5.2E1> <http://dlmf.nist.gov/18.3E1.t1.r3>
- DRMF treats formulae as first class objects, describing them in formula home pages which contain:
 - Rendered description of the formula (required);
 - Bibliographic citation (required);
 - Open section for notes;
 - Open section for external links;
 - Open section for proofs (required);
 - Substitutions required to understand formula; and
 - List of symbols and links to definitions (required);
 - Constraints the formula must obey.
- Wikitext generation and semantic DLMF $\mathbb{T}\mathbb{E}\mathbb{X}$ macro replacement effort using IDL & Python.
 - DLMF $\mathbb{T}\mathbb{E}\mathbb{X}$ macros already implemented for the DLMF Zeta chapter;
 - Hypergeometric Orthogonal Polynomials and their q -Analogues + KLS addendum.

Zeta and Related Functions Page

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the 'Formula DLMF-25.4.E5' page. The page title is 'Zeta and Related Functions'. It features a search bar at the top, a navigation menu on the left, and a main content area with a rendered formula for the Riemann zeta function:
$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s}$$
 and
$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^x - 1} dx$$
. Below the formula, there is a 'Bibliography' section with several references. The page also includes a 'Print out' button and a 'Formula Home Page' link at the bottom.

http://gw32.iu.xsede.org/index.php/Main_Page

13th International Symposium on Orthogonal Polynomials, Special Functions & Applications

June 1-5, 2015
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Gaithersburg, Maryland, USA

<http://www.siam.org/meetings/opsfa13>

<http://www.nist.gov/ist/math> <https://vis.kuleuven.be/events/OPSFA/Steering>

Plenary Speakers

- Percy Deift, Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences, New York University, USA
- Charles F. Dunkl, University of Virginia, USA
- Olga Holtz, Technische Universität Berlin, Germany
- Mourad E.H. Ismail, University of Central Florida, USA
- Teresa E. Pérez Fernández, Universidad de Granada, Spain
- Sarah Post, University of Hawaii at Manoa, USA
- Nico Temme, Centrum Wiskunde & Informatica (CWI), The Netherlands
- Craig A. Tracy, University of California Davis, USA
- Lauren Williams, University of California Berkeley, USA
- Wladimir Zudilin, The University of Newcastle, Australia
- Alvoo Zhelezanov, Donetsk Institute for Physics and Ukraine

Themes: Orthogonal Polynomials and Special Functions, including aspects with:

- classical analysis
- approximation theory
- continued fractions
- potential theory
- q -calculus
- asymptotics
- Riemann-Hilbert problems
- random matrix theory
- superintegrability and supersymmetry
- and connections to other disciplines, including:
 - science and industry
 - handbooks
 - numerical algorithms and tables
 - symbolic computation
- integrable systems
- Painlevé equations
- orthogonal polynomials and special functions of several variables
- orthogonal polynomials associated with root systems
- spherical functions
- orthogonality on the complex plane
- multiple orthogonal polynomials
- Sobolev orthogonal polynomials
- stochastic processes
- combinatorics
- number theory
- theoretical physics
- probability theory and statistics

Organizing Committee

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